

Fault Protected Single 8-Ch/Differential 4-Ch Analog MUX

Features

- Fault and Overvoltage Protection
- All Channels Off When Power Off
- Latchup-Proof
- Fast Switching— T_A : 200 ns
- Break-Before-Make Switching
- Low On-Resistance: 180 Ω
- Low Power Consumption: 3 mW
- TTL and CMOS Compatible Inputs

Benefits

- Improved Ruggedness
- Power Loss Protection
- Prevents Adjacent Channel Crosstalk
- Standard Logic Interface
- Superior Accuracy
- Fast Settling Time

Applications

- Data Acquisition Systems
- Industrial Process Control Systems
- Avionics Test Equipment
- High-Rel Control Systems
- Telemetry

Description

The DG458 and DG459 are 8-channel single-ended and 4-channel differential analog multiplexers, respectively, incorporating fault protection. A series n-p-n MOSFET structure provides device and signal-source protection in the event of power loss or overvoltages. Under fault conditions the multiplexer input (or output) appears as an open circuit and only a few nanoamperes of leakage current will flow. This protects not only the multiplexer and the circuitry following it, but also protects the sensors

or signal sources which drive the multiplexer.

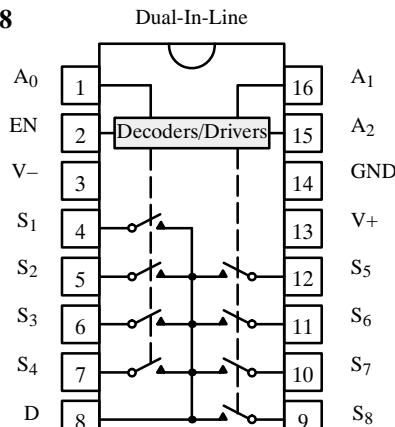
The DG458 and DG459 can withstand continuous overvoltage inputs up to ± 35 V. All digital inputs have TTL compatible logic thresholds. Break-before-make operation prevents channel-to-channel interference.

The DG458 and DG459 are improved pin-compatible replacements for HI-508A/509A and MAX358/359 multiplexers.

Updates to this applications note may be obtained via facsimile by calling Siliconix FaxBack, 1-408-970-5600. Please request FaxBack document #70064.

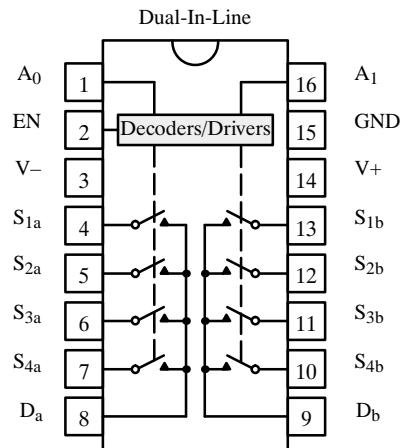
Functional Block Diagrams and Pin Configurations

DG458



Top View

DG459



Top View

Truth Tables and Ordering Information

Truth Table — DG458

A ₂	A ₁	A ₀	EN	On Switch
X	X	X	0	None
0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	2
0	1	0	1	3
0	1	1	1	4
1	0	0	1	5
1	0	1	1	6
1	1	0	1	7
1	1	1	1	8

Truth Table — DG459

A ₁	A ₀	EN	On Switch
X	X	0	None
0	0	1	1
0	1	1	2
1	0	1	3
1	1	1	4

Logic "0" = V_{AL} ≤ 0.8 V
 Logic "1" = V_{AH} ≥ 2.4 V
 X = Don't Care

Ordering Information

Temp Range	Package	Part Number
-40 to 85°C	16-Pin Plastic DIP	DG458DJ
		DG459DJ
-55 to 125°C	16-Pin CerDIP	DG458AK/883
		DG459AK/883
	LCC-20	DG458AZ/883
		DG459AZ/883

*Block Diagram and Pin Configuration not shown.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

V ₊ to V ₋	44 V	Continuous Current, S or D	20 mA
V ₊ to GND	22 V	Peak Current, S or D	
V ₋ to GND	-25 V	(Pulsed at 1 ms, 10% Duty Cycle Max)	40 mA
V _{EN} , V _A Digital Input	(V ₋) -4 V to (V ₊) +4 V	Storage Temperature (AK Suffix)	-65 to 150°C
V _S , Analog Input Overvoltage with Power On	(V ₋) -20 V to (V ₊) +20 V	(DJ Suffix)	-65 to 125°C
V _S , Analog Input Overvoltage with Power Off	-35 V to +35 V	Power Dissipation (Package) ^a	
		16-Pin Plastic DIP ^b	600 mW
		16-Pin CerDIP ^c	1000 mW
		LCC-20 ^d	1000 mW

Notes:

- a. All leads soldered or welded to PC board.
- b. Derate 6.3 mW/°C above 25°C.
- c. Derate 12 mW/°C above 75°C.
- d. Derate 10 mW/°C above 75°C.

Specifications^a

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions Unless Otherwise Specified		Temp ^b	Typ ^c	A Suffix -55 to 125°C		D Suffix -40 to 85°C		Unit
		V ₊ = 15 V, V ₋ = -15 V V _{AL} = 0.8 V, V _{AH} = 2.4 V ^f				Min ^d	Max ^d	Min ^d	Max ^d	
Analog Switch										
Analog Signal Range ^g	V _{ANALOG}		Full		-10	10	-10	10	V	
Drain-Source On-Resistance	r _{DS(on)}	V _D = ± 9.5 V, I _S = -400 μA	Room Full	0.45		1.2 1.5		1.5 1.8	kΩ	
		V _D = ± 5 V, I _S = -400 μA	Room	180		400		400	Ω	
r _{DS(on)} Matching Between Channels ^h	Δr _{DS(on)}	V _D = 0 V, I _S = -400 μA	Room	6					%	
Source Off Leakage Current	I _{S(off)}	V _{EN} = 0 V V _S = ± 10 V, V _D = ± 10 V	Room Full	0.03	-0.5 -50	0.5 50	-1 -20	1 20		
Drain Off Leakage Current	I _{D(off)}	V _{EN} = 0 V V _D = ± 10 V V _S = ± 10 V	DG458	Room Full	0.1	-1 -200	1 200	-1 -50	1 50	
			DG459	Room Full	0.1	-1 -100	1 100	-2 -25	2 25	
Differential Off Drain Leakage Current	I _{DIFF}	DG459 Only		Room		-50	50	-20	20	
Drain On Leakage Current	I _{D(on)}	V _S = V _D = ± 10 V	DG458	Room Full	0.1	-2 -200	2 200	-5 -50	5 50	
			DG459	Room Full	0.05	-2 -100	2 100	-5 -25	5 25	
Fault										
Output Leakage Current (with Overvoltage)	I _{D(off)}	V _S = ± 33 V, V _D = 0 V See Figure 1	Room	0.02					nA	
Input Leakage Current (with Overvoltage)	I _{S(off)}	V _S = ± 25 V, V _D = ± 10 V, See Figure 1	Room	0.005	-5	5	-10	10		
Input Leakage Current (with Power Supplies Off)		V _S = ± 25 V, V _{SUP5} = 0 V V _D = A ₀ , A ₁ , A ₂ , EN = 0 V	Room	0.001	-2	2	-5	5	μA	
Digital Control										
Input Low Threshold	V _{AL}		Full			0.8		0.8		
Input Low Threshold	V _{AL}		Full		2.4		2.4			V
Logic Input Control	I _A	V _A = 2.4 V or 0.8 V	Full		-1	1	-1	1	μA	
Dynamic Characteristics										
Transition Time	t _A	See Figure 2		Room	200		500		500	
Break-Before-Make Time	t _{OPEN}	See Figure 3		Room	45	10		10		
Enable Turn-On Time	t _{ON(EN)}	See Figure 4	Room Full	140		250 500		250 500		
Enable Turn-Off Time	t _{OFF(EN)}		Room Full	50		250 500		250 500		
Settling Time	t _s	To 0.1 %	Room	0.5						
		To 0.01%	Room	1.5						μs
Off Isolation	OIRR	V _{EN} = 0 V, R _L = 1 kΩ, C _L = 15 pF V _S = 3 V _{RMS} , f = 100 kHz	Room	90						
Logic Input Capacitance	C _{in}	f = 1 MHz		Room	5					
Source Off Capacitance	C _{S(off)}		Room	5						
Drain Off Capacitance	C _{D(off)}		DG458	Room	15					
			DG459	Room	10					
Drain On Capacitance	C _{D(on)}		DG458	Room	40					
			DG459	Room	35					pF

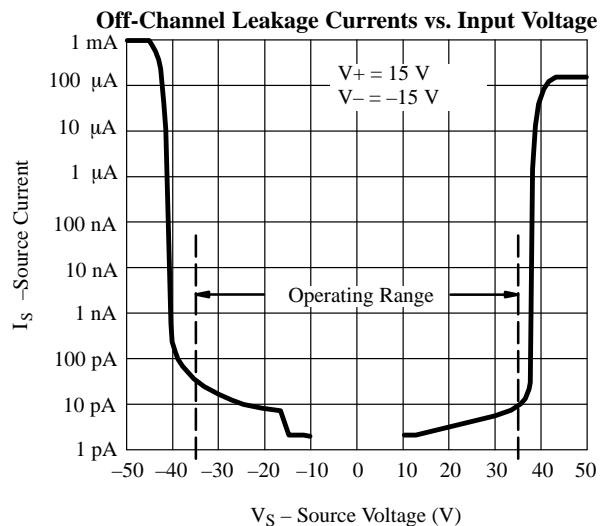
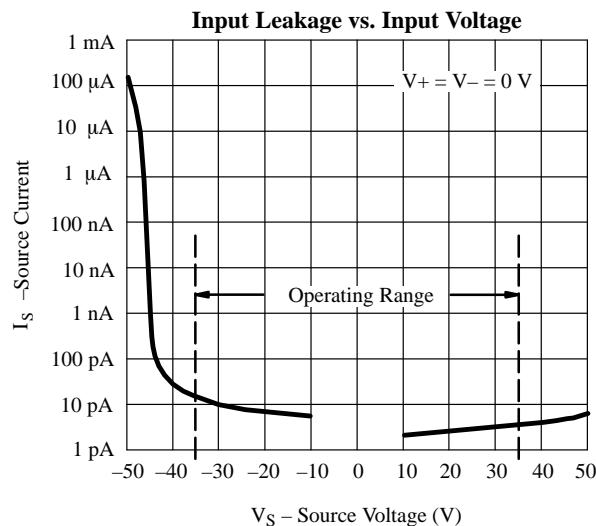
Specifications^a

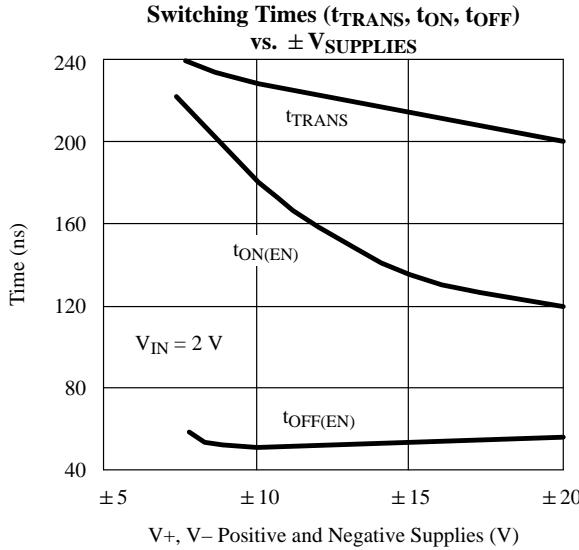
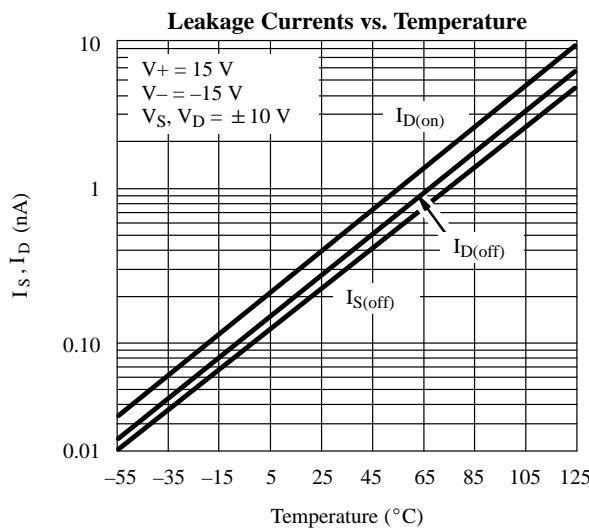
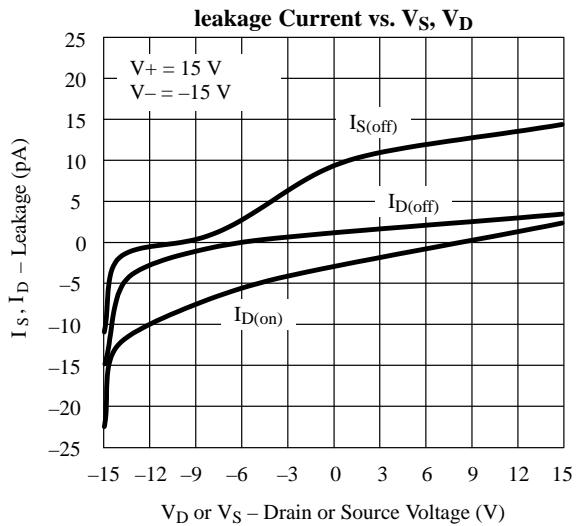
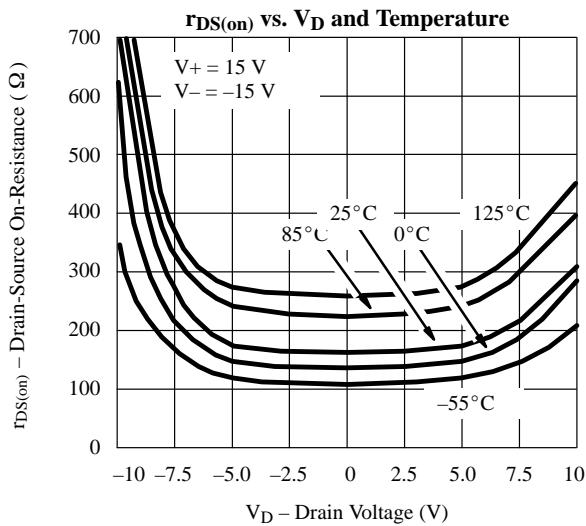
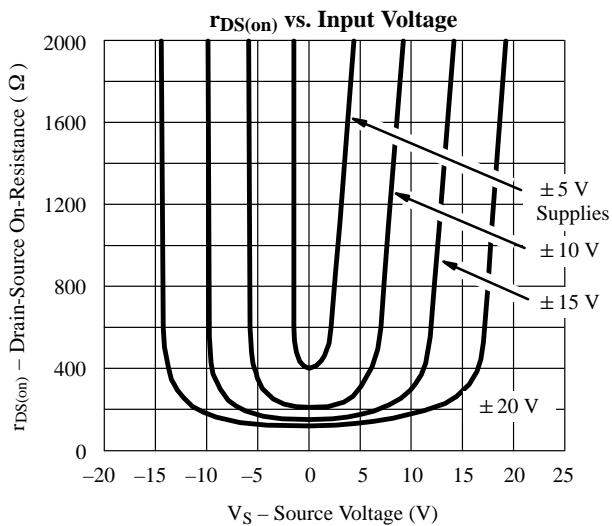
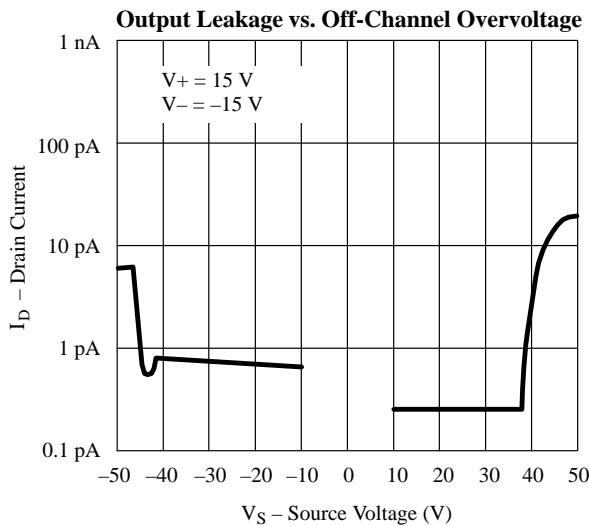
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions Unless Otherwise Specified $V_+ = 15 \text{ V}$, $V_- = -15 \text{ V}$ $V_{AL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$, $V_{AH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$	Temp ^b	Typ ^c	A Suffix -55 to 125°C		D Suffix -40 to 85°C		Unit
					Min ^d	Max ^d	Min ^d	Max ^d	
Power Supplies									
Positive Supply Current	I+	$V_{EN} = 5.0 \text{ or } 0 \text{ V}$, $V_A = 0 \text{ V}$	Room Full	0.05		0.1 0.2		0.1 0.2	mA
Negative Supply Current	I-		Room Full	-0.01	-0.1 -0.2		-0.1 -0.2		
Power Supply Range for Continuous Operation			Room		±4.5	±18	±4.5	±18	V

Notes:

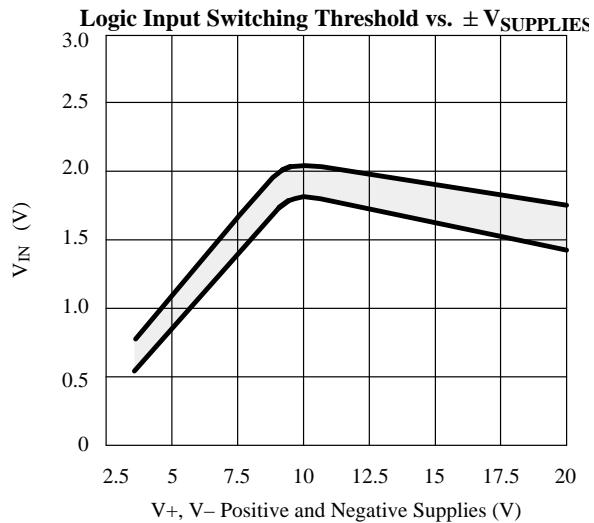
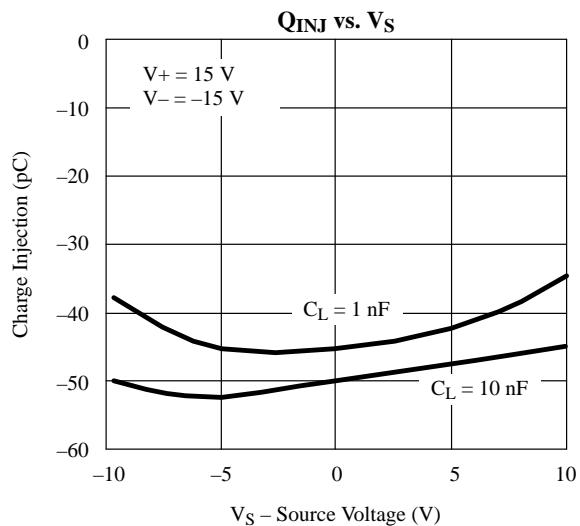
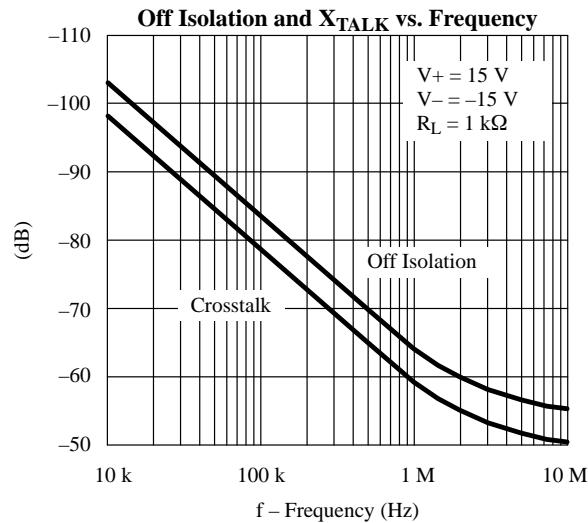
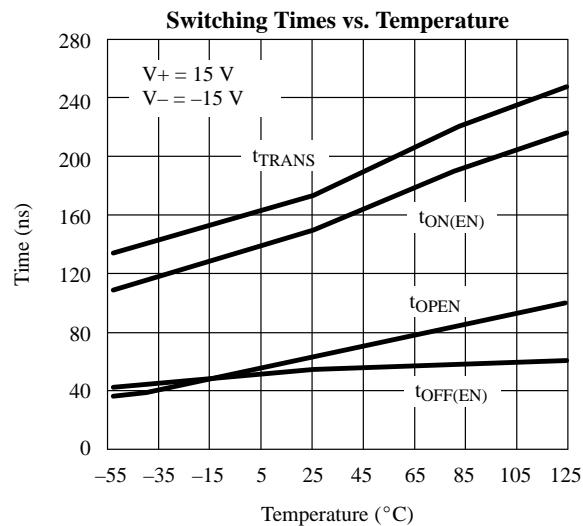
- a. Refer to PROCESS OPTION FLOWCHART (Section 5 of the 1994 Data Book or FaxBack number 7103).
- b. Room = 25°C, Full = as determined by the operating temperature suffix.
- c. Typical values are for DESIGN AID ONLY, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing.
- d. The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum, is used in this data sheet.
- e. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.
- f. V_{IN} = input voltage to perform proper function.
- g. When the analog signal exceeds the +13.5 V or -12 V, $r_{DS(on)}$ starts to rise until only leakage currents flow.
- h. $\Delta r_{DS(on)} = \left(\frac{r_{DS(on)} \text{ MAX} - r_{DS(on)} \text{ MIN}}{r_{DS(on)} \text{ AVE}} \right) \times 100\%$

Typical Characteristics



DG458/459**Typical Characteristics (Cont'd)**

Typical Characteristics (Cont'd)



Schematic Diagram (Typical Channel)

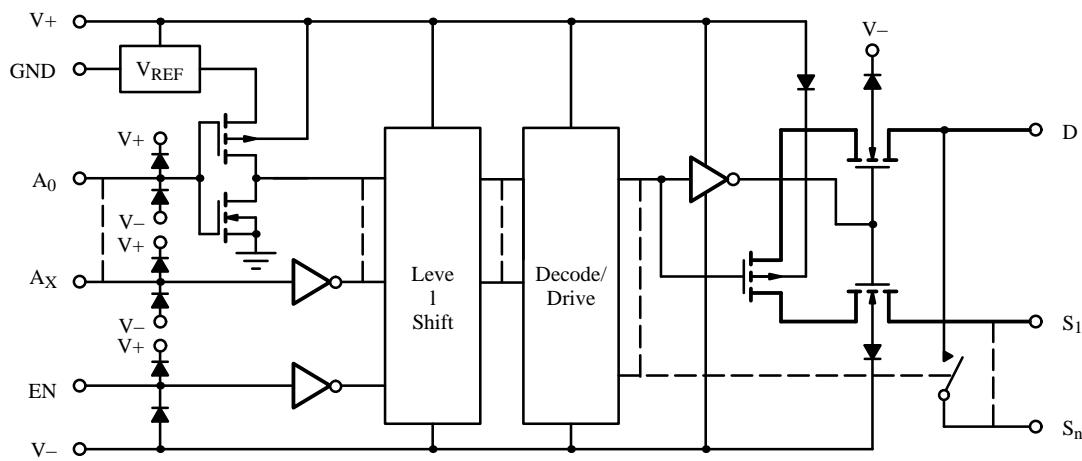


Figure 1.

Test Circuits

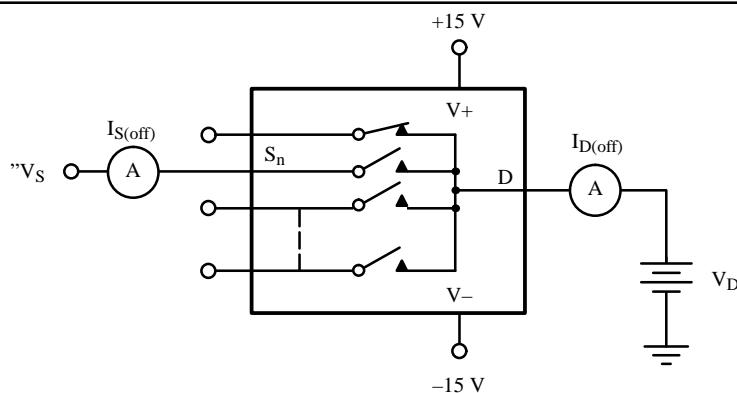
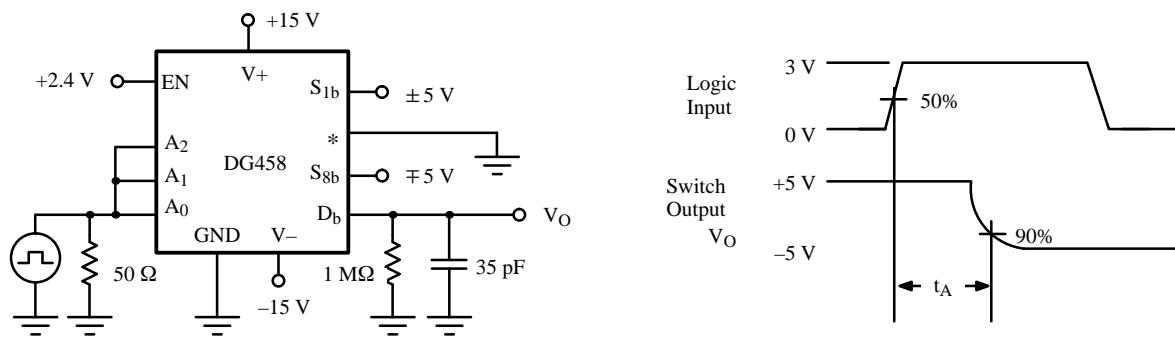


Figure 2. Analog Input Overvoltage



* = $S_{1a} - S_{8a}$, $S_{2b} - S_{7b}$, D_a

Figure 3. Transition Time

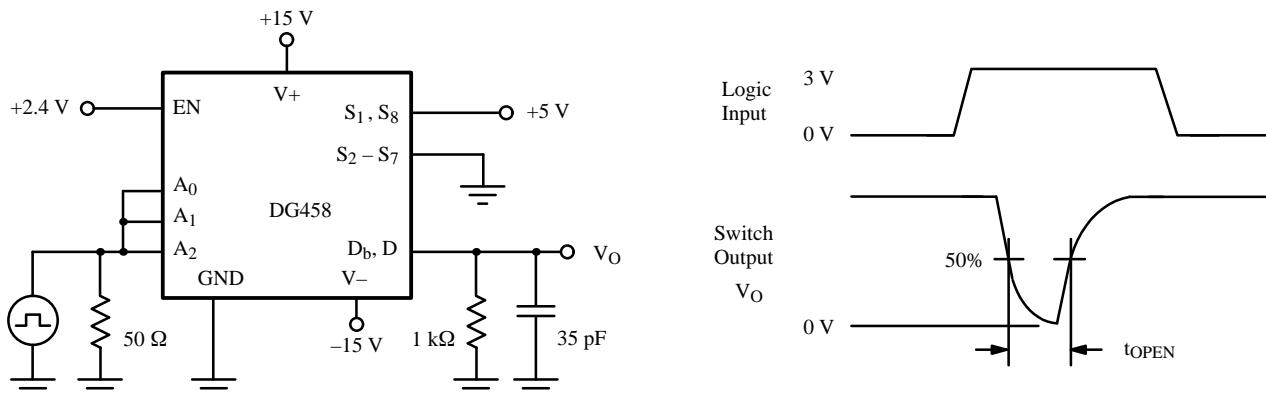


Figure 4. Break-Before-Make Time

DG458/459

Test Circuits (Cont'd)

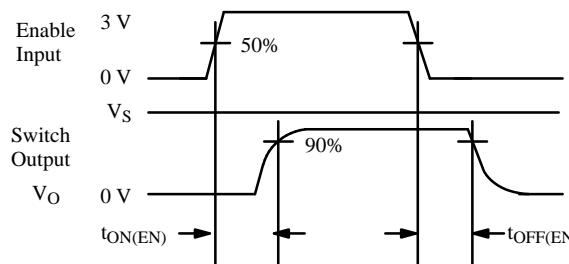
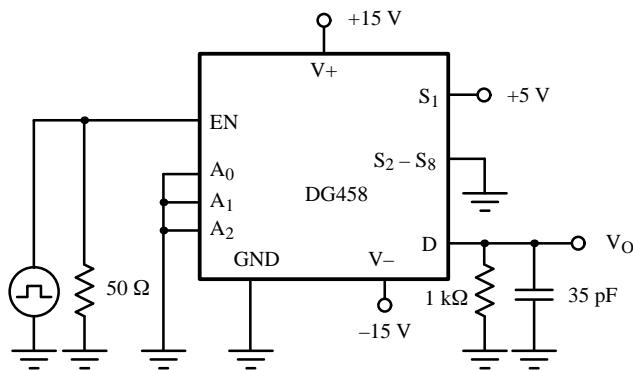


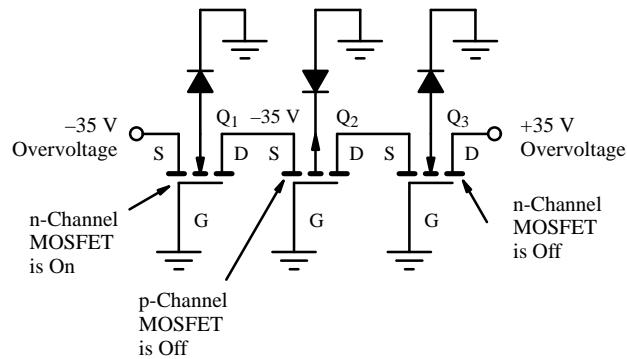
Figure 5. Enable Delay

Detailed Description

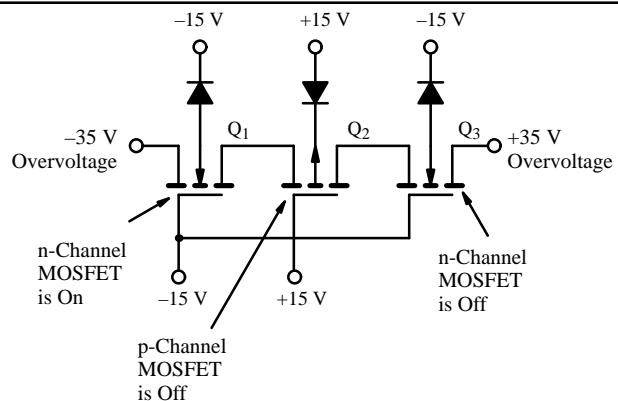
The Siliconix DG458 and DG459 multiplexers are fully fault- and overvoltage-protected for continuous input voltages up to ± 35 V whether or not voltage is applied to the power supply pins (V_+ , V_-). These multiplexers are built on a high-voltage junction-isolated silicon-gate CMOS process. Two n-channel and one p-channel MOSFETs are connected in series to form each channel (Figure 17).

Within the normal analog signal range (± 10 V), the $r_{DS(on)}$ variation as a function of analog signal voltage is comparable to that of the classic parallel N-MOS and P-MOS switches.

When the analog signal approaches or exceeds either supply rail, even for an on-channel, one of the three series MOSFETs gets cut-off, providing inherent protection against overvoltages even if the multiplexer power supply voltages are lost. This protection is good up to the breakdown voltage of the respective series MOSFETs. Under fault conditions only sub microamp leakage currents can flow in or out of the multiplexer. This not only provides protection for the multiplexer and succeeding circuitry, but it allows normal, undisturbed operation of all other channels. Additionally, in case of power loss to the multiplexer, the loading caused on the transducers and signal sources is insignificant, therefore redundant multiplexers can be used on critical applications such as telemetry and avionics.



(a) Overvoltage with Multiplexer Power Off



(b) Overvoltage with Multiplexer Power On

Figure 6. Overvoltage Protection